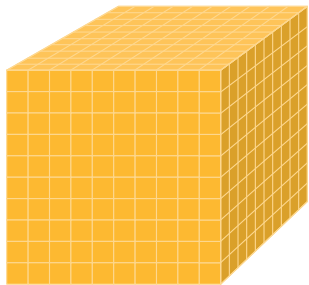


KIT CONTENTS

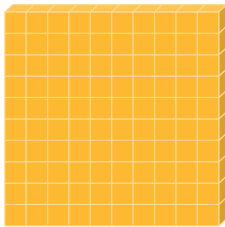
1

1 Block
"Thousands"
(1,000 units)



1,000

10 Flats
"Hundreds"
(100 units)



100

10 Rods
"Tens"
(10 units)



10

100 Cubes
"Ones"
(1 unit)



1

 **WARNING: CHOKING HAZARD**
— Small parts. Not for children under 3 yrs.



1



2



3



4



5



6



7



8



9



10

MULTIPLES OF 10



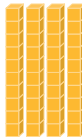
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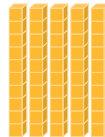
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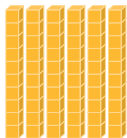
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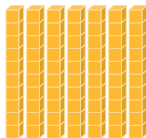
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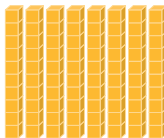
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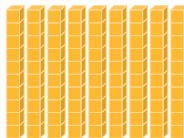
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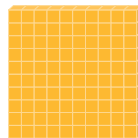
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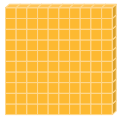
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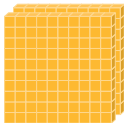
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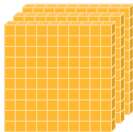
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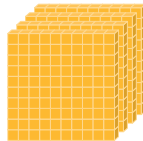
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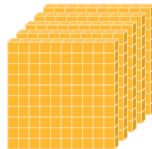
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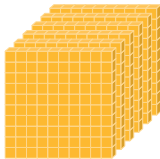
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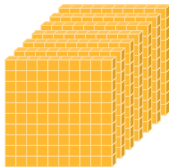
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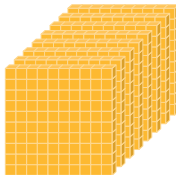
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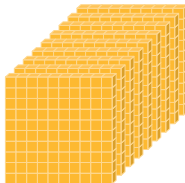
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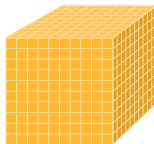
700



800



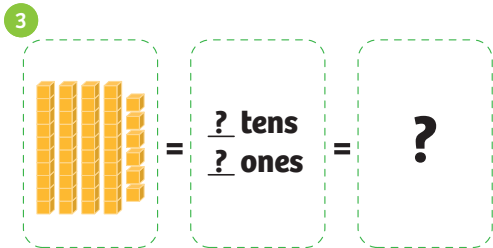
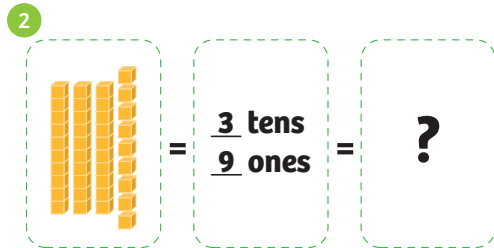
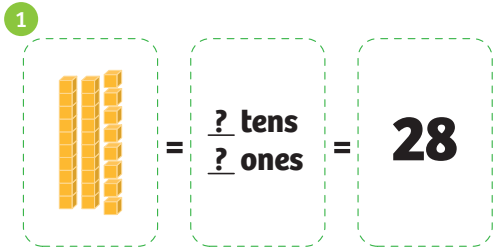
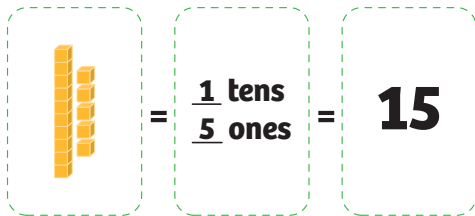
900



1,000

Count how many tens and ones are shown.

Example:

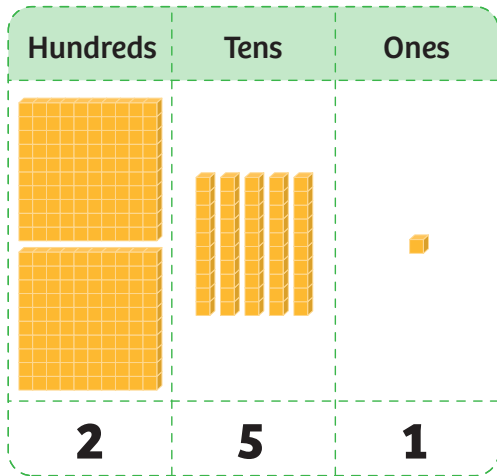
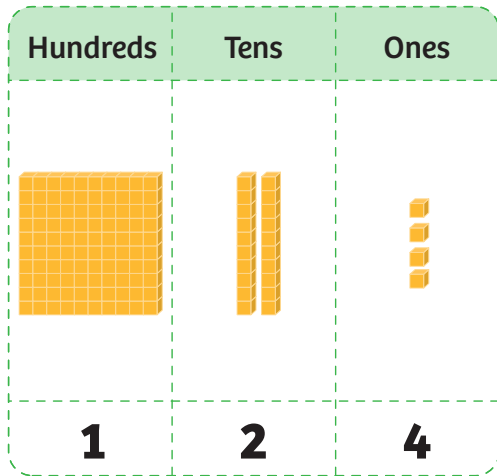


DECOMPOSING NUMBERS

6

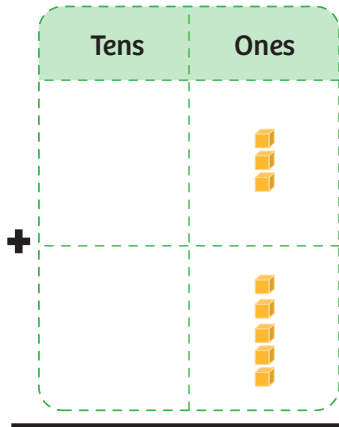
Start with a three-digit number and use the blocks to break it down into hundreds, tens, and ones.

Examples:

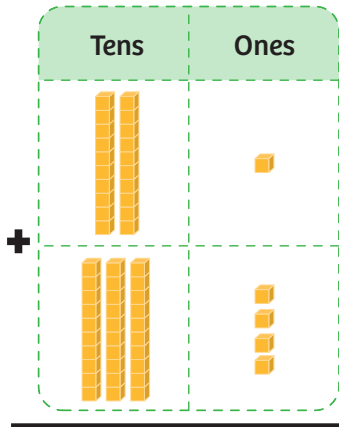


Combine two sets of blocks and count the total number of blocks.

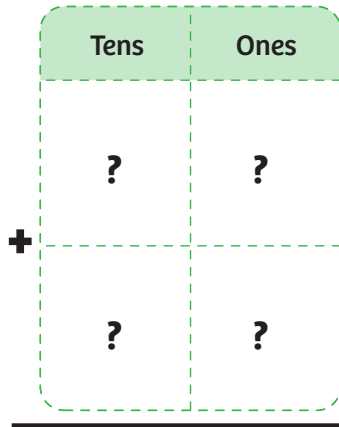
Example: $3 + 5 =$ 8



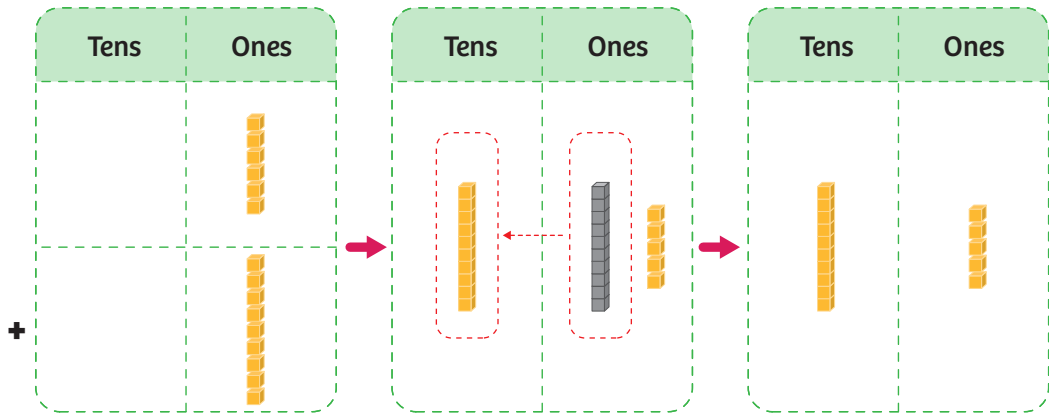
1 $21 + 34 =$?



2 $52 + 11 =$?



Example: $6 + 9 = 15$



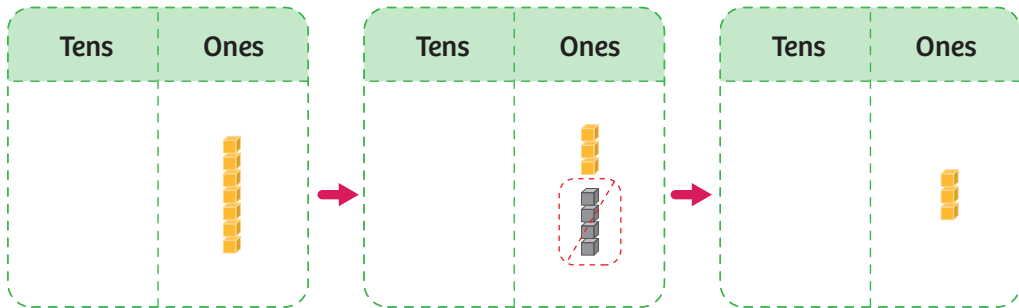
1 $8 + 5 = ?$

2 $14 + 8 = ?$

3 $24 + 17 = ?$

Remove a set of blocks from another and count the remaining blocks.

Example: $7 - 4 = 3$

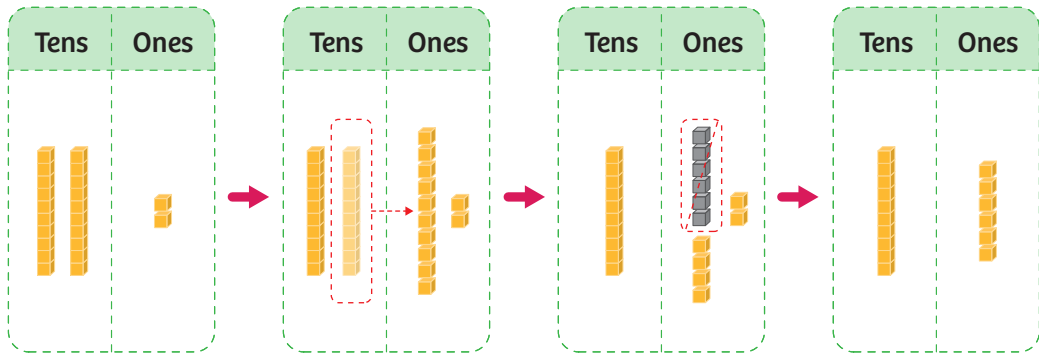


1 $6 - 1 = \boxed{?}$

2 $19 - 5 = \boxed{?}$

3 $56 - 13 = \boxed{?}$

Example: $22 - 6 = \boxed{16}$



1 $13 - 7 = \boxed{?}$

2 $41 - 8 = \boxed{?}$

3 $60 - 3 = \boxed{?}$